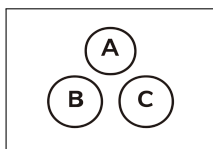


19

Discrete Distribution Bernoulli Trials

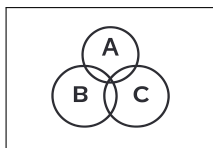
C



$$n = 2$$

$$p = 0.50$$

$$k = 1$$

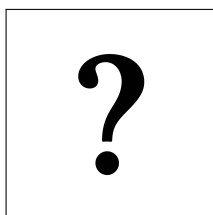


$$P(X = k) = \binom{n}{k} (p)^k (1 - p)^{n-k}$$

$$P(X = 1) = \binom{2}{1} (0.50)^1 (0.50)^1$$

$$P(X = 1) = 2 \times 0.50 \times 0.50$$

$$P(X = 1) = \boxed{0.50}$$



$$n = 3$$

$$p = 0.5$$

$$P(X = 0) = ?$$

$$P(X = 1) = ?$$

$$P(X = 2) = ?$$

$$P(X = 3) = ?$$

19

Discrete Distribution
Bernoulli Trials

C



$$n = 3$$

$$p = 0.5$$

$$P(X = 0) = ?$$

$$P(X = 1) = ?$$

$$P(X = 2) = ?$$

$$P(X = 3) = ?$$

$$P(X = k) = \binom{3}{k} (0.5)^k (0.5)^{3-k}$$

$$P(X = 0) = \binom{3}{0} (0.5)^0 (0.5)^3 = 1/8$$

$$P(X = 1) = \binom{3}{1} (0.5)^1 (0.5)^2 = 3/8$$

$$P(X = 2) = \binom{3}{2} (0.5)^2 (0.5)^1 = 3/8$$

$$P(X = 3) = \binom{3}{3} (0.5)^3 (0.5)^0 = 1/8$$